## **Claim Amendments**

Please cancel claims 21, 23, and 27 without prejudice, and please amend claims 1, 4-10, 13, 15, 18, 21, 22, 26, 32-34, 36, 37, and 40-42, as follows. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the instant application.

## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) An antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative, or a salt or a hydrate thereof, comprising:

a core cyclic peptide or core antibiotic of a lipopeptide antibiotic; and a lipophilic moiety.

wherein said lipophilic moiety is covalently attached to the core cyclic peptide or core eyelic antibiotic *via* a linking chain which includes a sulfonamide linkage and wherein said core cyclic peptide or core antibiotic is not of laspartomycin or polymyxin.

- 2. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative, salt or hydrate of Claim 1 in which the linking chain is a sulfonamide linkage.
- 3. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative, salt or hydrate of Claim 1 in which the linking chain is a linker that links the core cyclic peptide or core antibiotic to the lipophilic moiety.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative, salt or hydrate of Claim 1 which is a compound according to structural Formula (I):
  - (I)  $Y-X-N(R^4)(-L-X-N(R^1))_m-R$  wherein:

Y is a lipophilic moiety;

Each each X is independently selected from the group consisting of -co-SO2-, -CS-, -PO-, -OP(O)-, -NHCO and  $\frac{-N(R^{+}CO--N(R^{+}CO))}{-N(R^{+}CO)}$  with the proviso that at least one X is -SO2-;

M is 0 or 1;

L is a linker;

N is nitrogen;

 $R^1$  and  $R^4$  are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen. ( $C_1$ - $C_{25}$ ) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R^2$  groups. ( $C_1$ - $C_{25}$ ) heteroalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R^2$  groups. ( $C_5$ - $C_{30}$ ) arylaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R^2$  groups. ( $C_5$ - $C_{30}$ ) biaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R^2$  groups, five to thirty membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R^2$  groups. ( $C_6$ - $C_{30}$ ) arylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R_2$  groups and six to thirty membered heteroarylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R_2$  groups and six to thirty membered heteroarylalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R_2$  groups;

each  $R^2$  is independently selected from the group consisting of  $-OR^3$ . -  $SR^3$ . - $NR^3R^3$ . -CN. - $NO_2$ . - $N^3$ . - $C(O)OR^3$ . - $C(O)NR^3R^3$ . - $C(S)NR^3R^3$ . - $C(NR^3)NR^3R^3$ . -CHO. -  $R^3CO$ . - $SO_2R^3$ . - $SOR^3$ . - $PO(OR^3)_2$ . - $PO(OR^3)_3$ . - $CO_2H$ . - $SO_3H$ . - $PO_3H$ . halogen and trihalomethyl:

each  $R^3$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl,  $(C_5-C_{10})$  aryl, five to sixteen membered heteroaryl,  $(C_6-C_{16})$  arylalkyl and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl; and

R is a core cyclic peptide or core antibiotic of a lipopeptide antibiotic, wherein said core cyclic peptide or core antibiotic is not of laspartomycin or polymyxin.

5. (Currently Amended) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 4 in which R is the core cyclic peptide of laspartomycin, zaomycin, crystallomycin, aspartocin,

amphomycin, glumamycin, brevistin, cerexin A, cerexin B, Antibiotic A-30912, Antibiotic A-1437, Antibiotic A-54145, Antibiotic A-21978C or tsushimycin.

- 6. (Currently Amended) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 4 in which R is the core antibiotic of laspartomycin, zaomycin, crystallomycin, aspartocin, amphomycin, glumamycin, brevistin, cerexin A, cerexin B, Antibiotic A-30912. Antibiotic A-1437, Antibiotic A-54145, Antibiotic A-21978C or tsushimycin.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 4 in which R is the core cyclic peptide of laspartomyein, aspartocin, Antibiotic A-30912, Antibiotic A-1437, Antibiotic A-54145 or Antibiotic A-21978C.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 4 in which R is the core antibiotic of laspartomycin. aspartocin, Antibiotic A-30912, Antibiotic A-1437, Antibiotic A54145 or Antibiotic A-21978C.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 4 in which R is the core cyclic peptide of laspartomycin or aspartocin.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 4 in which R is the core antibiotic of laspartomycin or aspartocin.
- 11. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 4 in which m is 1.
- 12. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 4 in which  $R^1$  and  $R^4$  are hydrogen.

13. (Currently Amended) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 4 in which L is selected from the group consisting of:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or hydrate thereof, wherein:

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

each  $S^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $(C_1 - C_{10})$  alkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R^5$  groups,  $(C_1 - C_{10})$  heteroalkyl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R^5$  groups,  $(C_5 - C_{10})$  aryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R^5$  groups,  $(C_5 - C_{15})$  arylaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R^5$  groups, five to ten membered heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R^5$  groups,  $(C_5 - C_{15})$  arylaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R^5$  groups and six to sixteen membered heteroarylaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R^5$  groups and six to sixteen membered heteroarylaryl optionally substituted with one or more of the same or different  $R^5$  groups;

each  $R^5$  is independently selected from the group consisting of  $-OR^6$ ,  $-SR^6$ ,  $-NR^6R^6$ , -CN,  $-NO_2$ ,  $-N_3$ ,  $-C(O)OR^6$ ,  $-C(O)NR^6R^6$ ,  $-C(S)NR^6R^6$ ,  $-C(NR^6)NR^6R^6$ , -CHO,  $-R^6CO$ ,  $-SO_2R^6$ ,  $-SOR^6$ ,  $-PO(OR^6)_2$ ,  $-PO(OR^6)$ ,  $-CO_2H$ ,  $-SO_3H$ ,  $-PO_3H$ , halogen and trihalomethyl;

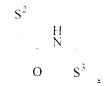
each  $R^6$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl,  $(C_5-C_{10})$  aryl, five to sixteen membered heteroaryl,  $(C_6-C_{16})$  arylalkyl and six to sixteen membered heteroarylalkyl; and

each K is independently selected from the group consisting of oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur.

- 14. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide of Claim 13 in which each  $S^1$  is independently a side-chain of a genetically encoded  $\alpha$ -amino acid.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The antimicrobial sulfonamide of Claim 13 in which L is:

- 16. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 15 in which each  $S^1$  is independently a side-chain of a genetically encoded  $\alpha$ -amino acid.
- 17. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 15 in which n is 0.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The <u>compound</u> <u>antimicrobial sulfonamide</u> <u>derivative</u> of Claim 17 in which  $S^1$  is hydrogen,  $Y^2$ -Y is decan-yl and R is the core cyclic peptide of aspartocin.

- 19. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 17 in which  $S^1$  is  $-CH_2-CO_2H$ ,  $-CH_2-CO_2H$ ,  $-C(OH)H-CONH_2$ ,  $-CH_2-CONH_2$  or  $-CH_2-CH_2-CONH_2$  or a salt or hydrate thereof.
- 20. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 17 in which S<sup>1</sup> is -CH<sub>2</sub>-indol-2-yl or -CH<sub>2</sub>-phenyl.
  - 21. (Cancelled)
- 22. (Currently Amended) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 13 in which L is:



wherein  $S^2$  and  $S^3$  are each independently a side chain of a genetically encoded  $\alpha$ -amino acid.

- 23. (Cancelled)
- 24. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 22 in which S<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, -CH<sub>2</sub>-indol-2-yl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH<sub>2</sub> or -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH<sub>2</sub> and S<sup>3</sup> is -CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H or a salt or hydrate thereof.
- 25. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 22 in which  $S^2$  is -CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H or a salt or hydrate thereof and  $S^3$  is -C(OH)H-CONH<sub>3</sub>.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 13 in which L is:

$$S^2$$
 O  $S^4$  NH NH O  $S^3$ 

wherein  $S^2$ ,  $S^3$ , and  $S^4$  are each independently a side chain of a genetically encoded  $\alpha$ -amino acid.

## 27. (Cancelled)

- 28. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 26 in which  $S^2$  is -CH<sub>2</sub>-indol-2-yl,  $S^3$  is -CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH<sub>2</sub> or -CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH<sub>2</sub> and  $S^4$  is -CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H or a salt or hydrate thereof.
- 29. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 26 in which  $S^2$  is -CH<sub>2</sub>-indol-2-yl,  $S^3$  is -CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H, CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H or a salt or hydrate thereof and S4 is -CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>-CONH<sub>2</sub> or -C(OH)H-CONH<sub>2</sub>.
- 30. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 4 in which m is 0.
- 31. (Original) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 30 in which R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen.
- 32. (Currently Amended) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 30 in which R is the core antibiotic of laspartomycin or aspartocin.
- 33. (Currently Amended) The antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative of Claim 32 Claim 30 in which R is the core cyclic peptide of laspartomycin or aspartocin.

- 34. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound an antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative according to Claim 4 and a pharmaceutically acceptable adjuvant, excipient, carrier or diluent.
- 35. (Original) A method for treating or preventing a microbial infection, said method comprising the step of administering to a subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to Claim 4 or a therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 34.
- 36. (Currently Amended) A method of inhibiting microbial growth, said method comprising the step of administering to a microbe an antimicrobially effective amount of a compound an antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative according to Claim 4 or an antimicrobially effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 34.
- 37. (Currently Amended) A method for making an antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative comprising sulfonylating <u>an a</u> core antibiotic or core cyclic peptide with a lipophilic sulfonyl derivative, thereby providing <u>a an</u> antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative.
- 38. (Original) The method of Claim 37 in which the lipophilic sulfonyl derivative is a activated lipophilic sulfonyl ester or a lipophilic sulfonyl halide.
- 39. (Original) The method of Claim 38 in which the activated lipophilic sulfonyl ester is a lipophilic hydroxybenzotriazole ester.
- 40. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 39 Claim 38 in which the lipophilic sulfonyl halide is a lipophilic sulfonyl chloride.
- 41. (Currently Amended) A method for making an antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative comprising:

sulfonylating a linker with a lipophilic sulfonyl compound, thereby providing a lipophilic sulfonamide linker; and

covalently attaching the lipophilic sulfonamide linker to <u>an a</u> core antibiotic or core cyclic peptide <u>wherein said core cyclic peptide or core antibiotic is not of polymyxin</u>, thereby yielding <u>an antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative</u>.

42. (Currently Amended) A method for making an antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative comprising:

covalently attaching a linker to <u>an a</u> core antibiotic or core cyclic peptide, thereby providing an linker core antibiotic or linker core cyclic peptide; and

sulfonylating the linker core antibiotic or linker core cyclic peptide with a lipophilic sulfonyl derivative, thereby yielding a an antimicrobial sulfonamide derivative.